



## Analysis of metals in 200 g/l Strontium Nitrate

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### 1 Introduction

A sample with 200 g/L strontium nitrate was presented to this laboratory for trace determination. As there was only one sample to be analyzed and it had a complex matrix, the standard addition method was used for analysis..

### 2 Principle

#### 2.1 Technique used

The elemental analysis of a 200 g/L strontium nitrate solution was undertaken by Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical Emission Spectrometry (ICP-OES). The sample is nebulized then transferred to an argon plasma. It is decomposed, atomized and ionized whereby the atoms and ions are excited. We measure the intensity of the light emitted when the atoms or ions return to lower levels of energy. Each element emits light at characteristic wavelengths and these lines can be used for quantitative analysis after a calibration.

#### 2.2 Wavelength choice

The choice of the wavelength in a given matrix can be made using the "profile" function, or by using Win-IMAGE, which is rapid semi-quantitative analysis mode using multiple wavelengths. The principle is the same in either case: record the scans of analytes at low concentration, and of the matrix. By superimposing the spectra, we see possible interferences.

#### 2.3 Limits of detection estimation

The limits of detection are calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{LOD} = k \times \text{BEC} \times \text{RSD}_0$$

With:

LOD = limits of detection,

k = 3 for the normal 3-sigma values,

BEC = Background equivalent concentration,

RSD<sub>0</sub> = relative standard deviation of the blank.

To calculate the LOD, a calibration curve is constructed using two points, 0 ppm and 5 ppm, or some concentration where the calibration is linear; this gives the BEC. The RSD<sub>0</sub> is evaluated by running the blank ten times.

### 3 Sample preparation

19.9968 g of sample was weighed and dissolved with 5 mL 69 % HNO<sub>3</sub> and diluted up to 100mL with deionized water.

Two spiked samples were prepared for the standard addition method.

Addition 1: 0.1 mL of standard "A" and 0.2 mL of standard "B", with 25 mL of Sr(OH)<sub>2</sub>.8H<sub>2</sub>O.

Addition 2: 0.2 mL of standard "A" with 25 mL of Sr(OH)<sub>2</sub>.8H<sub>2</sub>O.

With sample "A" containing :

2 g/L of Ba,

1 g/L of Na,

0.25 g/L of S,

0.2 g/L of Bi, Ca

and sample "B" containing 25 mg/L of Cd, Cu, Fe, Mg, Mn, Pb.

The concentrations of the spiked samples are listed in Table 1.

**Table 1: Standard Addition concentration**

Element	Wavelength	Concentration of		
		Unknown sample	Addition1	Addition2
Ba	233.527	X	X + 8	X + 16
Bi	223.061	X	X + 0.8	X + 1.6
Ca	317.933	X	X + 0.8	X + 1.6
Cd	228.802	X	X + 0.2	
Cu	324.754	X	X + 0.2	
Fe	259.940	X	X + 0.2	
Mg	279.553	X	X + 0.2	
Mn	257.610	X	X + 0.2	
Na	289.592	X	X + 4	X + 8
Pb	220.353	X	X + 0.2	
S	181.978	X	X + 1	X + 2

## 4. Instrument specification

The work was done on a JY ULTIMA. The specifications of this instrument are listed in Table 2 and 3.

**Table 2: Specification of spectrometer**

Parameters	Specifications
Mounting	Czerny Turner
Focal length	1m
Nitrogen purge	Yes
Variable resolution	Yes
Grating number of grooves	2400 gr/mm
Order	2nd order

**Table 3: Specification of RF Generator**

Parameters	Specifications
Type of generator	Solid state
Observation	Radial
Frequency	40.68 MHz
Control of gas flowrate	by computer
Control of pump flow	by computer
Cooling	air

## 5 Operating conditions

The operating conditions are listed in Table 4 below.

**Table 4: Operating conditions**

Parameter	Condition
RF Generator power	1200 W
Plasma gas flowrate	12 L/min
Auxiliary gas flowrate	0 L/min
Sheath gas flowrate	0.2 L/min
Nebulizer gas flowrate	0.8 L/min
Nebulizer flowrate	3 bars (45 psi)
Sample uptake	1 mL/min
Type of nebulizer	Parallel
Type of spray chamber	Cyclonic
Argon humidifier	No
Injector tube diameter	3.0 mm

## 6 Wavelength selection and analytical conditions

For each element, the line with the highest sensitivity was used for analysis, because there were no problems with interferences. The analysis conditions were the same for all elements except the alkali elements.

**Table 5: Analytical conditions**

Element	Slits ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	Analysis mode	Integration time (sec)
All elements	20 x 15	Direct peaking	8
Na	20 x 80	Gaussian	0.5

The use of the parallel nebulizer and the large internal diameter (ID) of the injector tube enabled trouble free analysis, even with the high dissolved salts. The larger the ID injector tube also ensures a minimization of the interferences. Due to the high dissolved salts, an initial conditioning of the spray chamber is advised for maximum stability. It is also imperative to use matched standards or standard addition because of the viscosity of solutions with high dissolved solids.



## 7 Discussion

### 7.1 Limits of Detection

The limits of detection were calculated using the formula in paragraph 2.3. They were calculated in  $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$  in the solid sample.

**Table 6: Limits of detection**

Elements	LOD ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ )
Ba	6.1
Ca	11.7
Cd	24
Cu	21
Fe	1.6
Na	6.7
Pb	165
S	188

### 7.2 Determination of the unknown sample

Using the two spiked samples and the unknown, a calibration curve was constructed. The concentrations of the traces in the unknown are given by the intercept of their calibration curves. The results for unknown are given in Table 7.

**Table 7: Results**

Element	Concentration in mg/l	Concentration in mg/kg	Expected Value in mg/kg
Ba	15	75	< 50
Bi	< 30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$	< 0.15	< 30
Ca	1.31	6.55	< 70
Cd	< 0.004	< 0.02	
Cu	0.176	0.88	< 30
Fe	0.08	0.4	< 30
Mg	0.034	0.170	< 30
Mn	< 0.003	< 0.0015	
Na	1.84	9.20	< 30
Pb	0.068	0.34	< 30
S	1.73	8.64	< 100

## 8 Summary

To achieve the lowest detection limits, dilution is undesirable. The results show the JY spectrometers are able to perform an excellent analysis, even with high dissolved solids. This enables the analysis to be performed to the best detection limits possible.



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